

# Making an API request

*The information on this page refers to License Statistics v6.18 and newer, which added the ability to change default column names. If you are using a version previous to v6.18, see [documentation for previous versions](#).*

To generate a [License Statistics report](#) of your choosing, you can use any browser or an HTTP client ([cURL](#)). cURL is a library and command-line tool that can be used to access HTTP-based web services and websites.

## Basics

Every License Statistics report defines a set of columns, each of which represents a possible field of a report row.

Columns that are invisible by default can be shown using the parameters described below.

Columns can be of various types, as described in [Field types](#).

## Request

Use the GET method to pass report parameters in a query string. Authenticate the request using a [generated token](#).

## Example request

```
curl -H "X-Auth-token: token" "http://yourdomain/url-to-api?parameter=value&parameter2=other_value"
```

where "yourdomain" is the domain where License Statistics is installed.



Note that if your installation uses either a port different than 80, or port 443 for SSL-secured HTTPS, you will need to provide the port number as well.

## Common parameters

### Format

The format type for reports is determined by the last segment of the URL, which can be json, csv, xlsx or pdf. See the Response section below for details.

### Report name

For PDF and XLSX formats, the name of the report can be set with parameter "rn".

## Filtering

To filter out unwanted records, use the "filter" parameter. It takes JSON array of objects:

```
{
  "property": "${column_handle}",
  "operator": "${operator}",
  "value": "${operator_value}"
}
```

where:

- "property" specifies the column to filter by
- "operator" specifies the operator for filtering (see types of filters below)
- "value" specifies the value to use for the operator (see types of filters below)

String filter

Show only row where column \${column\_handle} contains substring \${operator\_value}

This filter is case-insensitive.

For example, if you specify a filter where the license server name (lsn) contains "asia", the matches would include "Asia server", "Asian server", "Caucasian server", etc.

```
filter=[{"property":"lsn","value":"asia"}]
```

Numeric, date, date and time filters

This filter lets you either specify equality (default) or a range operator, but not both.

Operator	Number	Date	Date and time
eq	equal to \${operator_value}		during day \${operator_value}
lt	less than \${operator_value}	before day \${operator_value}	before hour 00:00 of day \${operator_value}
gt	less than \${operator_value}	after day \${operator_value}	after hour 23:59 of day \${operator_value}

Example 1: Hour used (hu) between e and will match 2.72, 3 and 3.14, but will not match 2.7183 or 3.1415.

```
filter=[{"property":"hu","operator":"gt","value":"2.7183"}, {"property":"hu","operator":"lt","value":"3.1415"}]
```

Example 2: Expiration date (fexp) after 1<sup>st</sup> of April 2019 (on 2<sup>nd</sup> of April or later).

```
filter=[{"property":"fexp","operator":"gt","value":"2019-01-04"}]
```

Example 3: Checkout time (lco) before 23<sup>rd</sup> of March 2019 (checked out on 22<sup>nd</sup> of March or earlier).

```
filter=[{"property":"lco","operator":"lt","value":"2019-03-23"}]
```

Boolean filter

Show only rows where flag (boolean column) \${column\_handle} has value \${operator\_value}.

Example: User is imported from LDAP (uil).

```
filter=[{"property":"uil","value":true}]
```

Enumeration filter

Show only rows where column \${column\_handle} has one of the values from \${operator\_value}.

Example: Features that are floating or token (all but node-locked).

```
filter=[{"property":"ftype","value":["Floating","Token"]}]
```

Columns

Column selection

By default, the report shows a subset of columns in left-to-right order. To show invisible columns, hide visible columns, or reorder columns, use the "fieldVisibility" parameter. This works for CSV, XLSX and PDF endpoints.

This takes a JSON object where keys are column, and value is string "1".

Example: to show columns lsid, lsn, fid, fns in order (from left to right):

```
fieldVisibility={"lsid":"1","lsn":"1","fid":"1","fns":"1"}
```

#### Column headers

By default, the report shows pre-defined column headers. To change the default headers, use the "fieldsHeaders" parameter. This parameter works only for CSV, XLSX and PDF endpoints.

Example: to set custom names for two columns:

```
fieldsHeaders={"lsid":"Custom Id","lsn":"Custom Name"}
```

## Limiting and ordering results

You can order results using the "order" parameter and limit record count using the parameters "offset" and "limit." Order is applied first, then offset and limit.

- order - list of columns and directions to order by
- offset - rows to skip at the beginning of sorted result
- limit - maximum number of rows to return

```
order: [{ "property": "vn", "direction": "DESC" }, { "property": "lsn", "direction": "ASC" } ]
offset: 9
limit: 5
```

## Response

The API can respond with the following codes.

- 200 - everything OK
- 202 - data under preparation, used for historic reports to indicate that intermediate data (so called *aggregates*) is not ready yet
- 400 - bad parameter, refer to response body for details
- 401 - bad token or lack of, check if proper header was sent
- 402 - indicates problem with license
- 403 - such request is forbidden; check if you have permission to access report object (e.g., check that server or feature is not hidden)
- 500 - bug in server
- 503 - server is not yet ready

## Body of response

### JSON

If the URL ends with /json, the following object will be returned:

```
{"success": false, "msg": "${message}", "data": [], "totalCount": ${number} }
```

where:

- success - true if report was generated, otherwise false
- msg - short description of what went wrong
- data - array of objects, each representing report row (record)
- totalCount - number of rows that would be returned without applying "offset" and "limit", but still applying other parameters (including "filter")

## Export to CSV, XLSX or PDF

If the URL ends with /csv, /xlsx or /pdf it will return a file in the corresponding format, as described below.

Type	MIME type	Description
csv	text/csv	Semicolon-separated values. Records separated by Windows line separator (CRLF)
xlsx	application/vnd.openxmlformats-officedocument.spreadsheetml.sheet	Microsoft Office 2007 spreadsheet format

pdf	application/pdf	Adobe PDF format
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