

# Usage Per User report



*This page refers to functionality that has been removed from License Statistics. Reports have been restructured and reorganized as of License Statistics v6.14. The contents of the Usage Per User report have been moved to [Features - History - Usage Per User](#).*

The **Usage Per User** report under the **Reports** section in the left navigation pane shows license [usage](#) for a selected type of aggregation, as described below. In this report, you can change time constraints as appropriate for your needs; for example, you can display license usage information based on monthly usage, but limit the displayed results to weeks.

The Usage Per User report may serve as a warning signal, letting you see whether higher usage is a one-time or a recurring event based on overall trends of license usage based on peak usage.

## Types of aggregation

You can aggregate report results by:

- [Username](#)
- [Hostname](#)
- [Username and Hostname](#)
- [User Group](#)
- [Host Group](#)

By default, reports are aggregated by Username and Hostname.

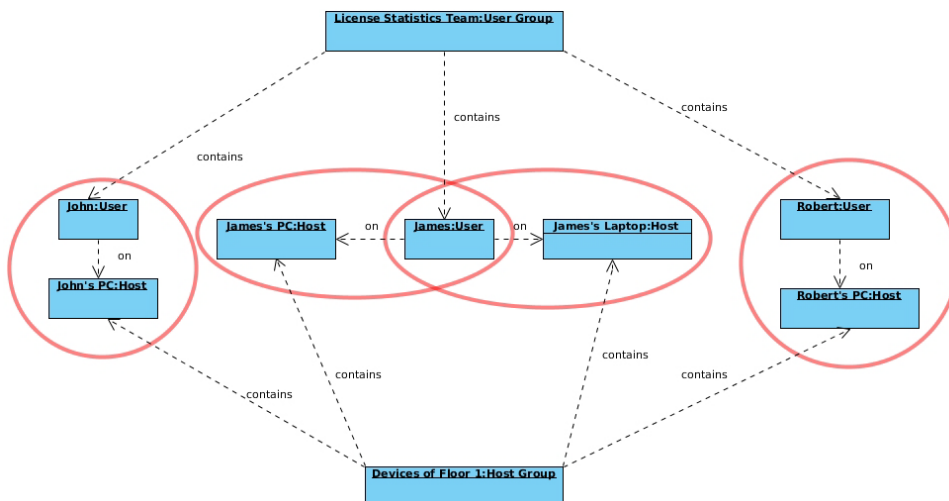


If the User Group and/or Host Group options are disabled, this indicates that no [groups](#) have been created.

## How aggregation is applied in a report

Aggregation enables you to specify detailed levels of the produced results. License usage information can be displayed for a specified entity, letting you juxtapose one set of data with another.

The following diagram shows how License Statistics aggregation options are used by real-world entities in a company.



## Date Range

The Start Date, End Date, and Time Interval fields are interrelated; e.g., modifying the Start Date field affects the End Date field, depending on the selected Time Interval option. Selecting the "Custom" Time Interval option lets you specify the Start Date and End Date for the report.

## Types of grouping (time units)

You can group feature usage information by:

- Day
- Week
- Month
- Quarter
- Year

**How grouping by a unit of time works in a report**

Grouping by a unit of time lets you group values from specified fields together. For example, license usage information can be limited to a month, and within that month displayed based on daily usage. Grouping works in the same way for all other available time units, for any set of selected values.

Let's assume the following values have been returned after grouping feature usage information by Day.

| Date       | Hours Used |
|------------|------------|
| 2019-04-01 | 10         |
| 2019-04-02 | 20         |
| 2019-04-04 | 30         |
| 2019-04-06 | 40         |

When we choose to group the above feature usage information by Month and set the start date to April 4, 2014, we obtain the following values:

| Date    | Hours Used |
|---------|------------|
| 2019-04 | 70         |

When we decide to set the start date to April 1, 2014, we get the following values:

| Date    | Hours Used |
|---------|------------|
| 2019-04 | 100        |

## Usage Per User grid

The Usage Per User grid includes the following:

| Column Name                            | Description                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
|----------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Date                                   | A particular day or period of time, whose format depends on the selected grouping option.<br><br>1. Day: YYYY-MM-DD; for example, 2019-04-13.<br>2. Week: YYYY-MM-DD - YYYY-MM-DD; for example, 2019-04-10 - 2019-04-16 (starts from Friday).<br>3. Month: YYYY-MM; for example, 2019-04.<br>4. Quarter: YYYY-Q[1-4]; for example, 2019-Q2.<br>5. Year: YYYY; for example, 2019. |
| User                                   | A single user or a list of users.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |
| Host                                   | A single host or a list of hosts where license usage took place.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
| Host IP                                | IP address for the host.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |
| User Group                             | The name of a group of users. (This column will be displayed only if aggregating by User Group and one or more user groups exist.)                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |
| Host Group                             | The name of a group of hosts. (This column will be displayed only if aggregating by Host Group and one or more host groups exist.)                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |
| License server and feature information | License server name and feature name, version and type.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |
| Max Usage                              | The maximum allowed level of feature usage, expressed in percentages.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
| Hours Used                             | The sum of hours when licenses of a particular feature were used and/or borrowed.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |
| Max Used                               | The maximum number of licenses used in a particular time period.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
| Hours Borrowed                         | The sum of hours when licenses of a particular feature were borrowed.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
| Max Borrowed                           | The maximum number of licenses borrowed in a particular time period.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |

To better understand possible aggregation scenarios, let's look at the following example:

| Column | Aggregation Type | Scenario |
|--------|------------------|----------|
|--------|------------------|----------|

|                     |          |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
|---------------------|----------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Hours Used/Borrowed | Username | <p>In our example, the results shown in the report are limited by Day.</p> <p><b>Scenario 1</b></p> <p>The user uses 1 license for 8 hours.</p> <p>Calculation: 8 hours = 8 Hours Used</p> <p><b>Scenario 2</b></p> <p>The user uses 2 licenses for 1 hour, then 10 licenses for 2 hours and 1 license for 2 hours.</p> <p>Calculation: 2 hour + 20 hours + 2 hours = 24 Hours Used</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
| Max Used/Borrowed   | Username | <p>In this example, the results shown in the report are limited by Day.</p> <p><b>Scenario 1</b></p> <p>The user uses 2 licenses in the same time during the day.</p> <p>Calculation: 2 licenses in the same time = 2 Max Used/Borrowed</p> <p><b>Scenario 2</b></p> <p>The user uses 1 license for an hour in the morning and 1 license for an hour in the afternoon.</p> <p>Calculation: 1 license in the same time = 1 Max Used/Borrowed</p> <p><b>Scenario 3</b></p> <p>The user uses 1 license constantly for the entire day, while the other one is used only for 1 hour.</p> <p>Calculation: 2 licenses in the same time = 2 Max Used/Borrowed</p> |
| Max Usage           | Username | <p>In our example, the number of available licenses for a particular feature is 10.</p> <p><b>Scenario 1</b></p> <p>The user uses 2 licenses throughout the day.</p> <p>Calculation: 2 licenses out of 10 licenses = 20%</p> <p><b>Scenario 2</b></p> <p>The user uses 5 licenses constantly for the entire day, except 1 hour when only 2 licenses are used.</p> <p>Calculation: 5 licenses out of 10 licenses = 50%</p> <p><b>Scenario 3</b></p> <p>The user uses 3 licenses constantly for the entire day, but additionally 5 licenses are used for 2 hours.</p> <p>Calculation: 8 licenses out of 10 licenses = 80%</p>                               |